



Overview Points to Cover



- NPO challenges
- Compliance
- Accounting principles & Transactions
- Management & Donor reporting
- Statutory & Fund audits
- Risk assessment for NPO's
- Q&A

About TPC

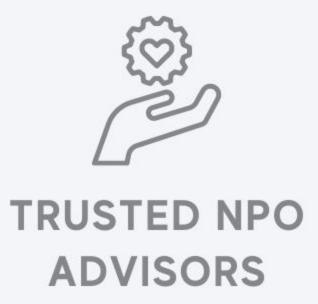


NPO SPECIALISTS

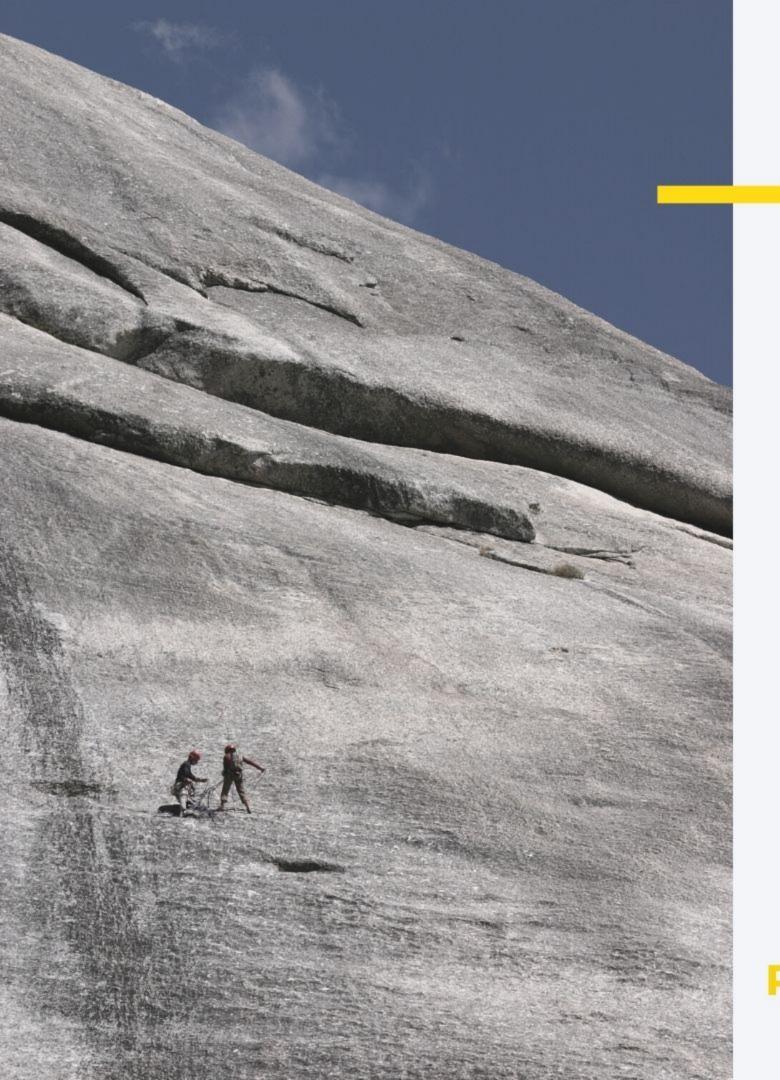


TECHNICAL EXPERTISE









NPO Challenges



ACCESS TO HR SKILLS & CAPACITY



INCREASED COMPLIANCE OBLIGATIONS



INEFFECTIVE POLICIES & PROCESSES



DONOR &
REPORTING
REQUIREMENTS

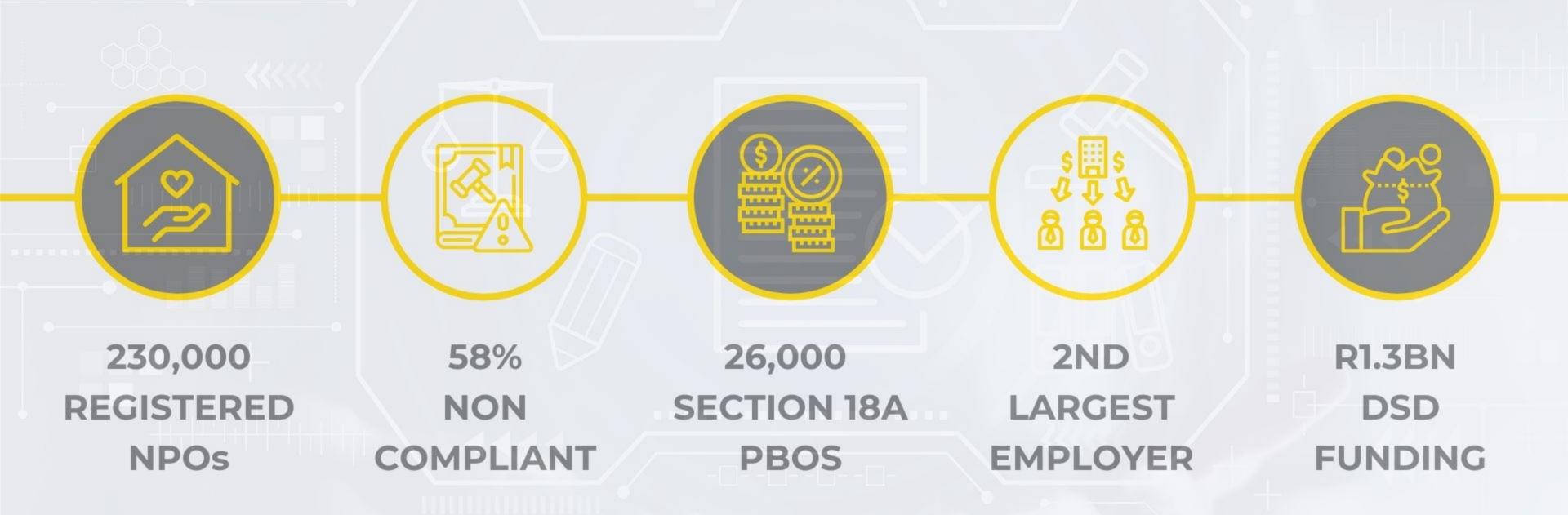


LIMITED BUDGET & FUNDS



LACK OF NPO EXPERTS

NPO Sector in Perspective



Monthly/Bi-Monthly Compliance



- Submission of monthly EMP 201
- Submitted & paid by the 7th of the following month
- Non-compliance will result in penalties (10%) & interest

- Submission of monthly U-filing return
- Submitted monthly via the portal

SARS - VALUE ADDED TAX

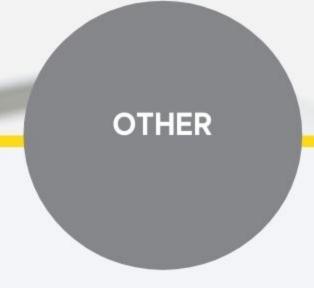
- Submission of monthly/bi-monthly VAT201 return
- Submitted paid by last day of month if using e-filing (otherwise 25th)
- Delayed submission results in delayed refunds

Annual/Bi-Annual Compliance

SARS - INCOME TAX

SARS - EMP501 RECON

DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL DEV.



- Income tax return within
 12 months after year end
- Applicable to Tax Exempt PBOs
- PBO status at risk for nonsubmission

- Bi-annual EMP501 for 1st 6 months (Mar-Aug)
- Due by 31 Oct according to SARS deadline
- Annual EMP501 & IRP5 (Mar-Feb)
- Due by 31 May according to SARS deadline

- Annual narrative report within 9 months after financial year end
- Non submission is a criminal offence
- NPO status at risk for nonsubmission

- Workman's Compensation Return of Earnings due by 31 May
- CIPC Annual Return for NPCs due on registration anniversary
- NPC de-registration for non submission

Practical Compliance Challenges



CHALLENGES

- Records not up to date
- Insufficient funds
- Unaware of/missing the deadlines
- Unaware of various portals/sites to be used
- Access to portals such as e-Filing, u-Filing, DOL, DSD
- SARS Tax Compliance Status Pin, DOL Certificate of Good Standing, DSD Narrative Report submission



RECOMMENDATIONS

- Timeous processing of accountings records
- Automative data capture/processing (e.g. XERO)
- Monitor funds actual vs budget
- Project management tools (e.g. ASANA)
- Database of login details, ensure public officer details are current
- Capacity building & training of personnel

SARS Tax Compliance Status (TCS PIN)

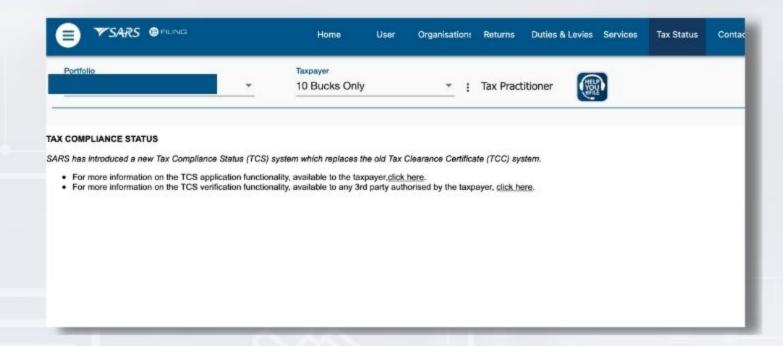
Obtain TCS Pin via SARS e-Filing (no longer TCC)

Activate Tax Compliance within Tax Status tab

Use sub menus on the left

View compliance status within My
Compliance Profile tab

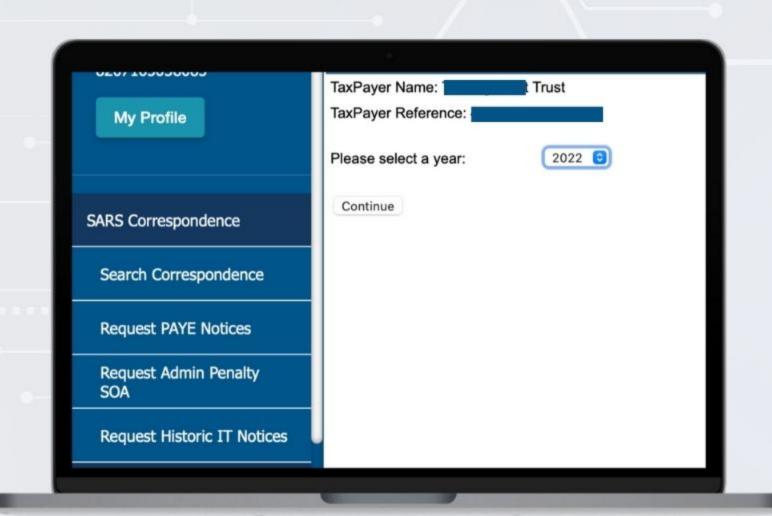
Generate request via Tax Compliance Status Request







SARS Statement of Accounts



Navigate to SARS correspondence

Applicable tax types reflected within Request "specific tax type" Notice

Once selected, choose relevant year from the drop down

Best practice to periodically check Statements

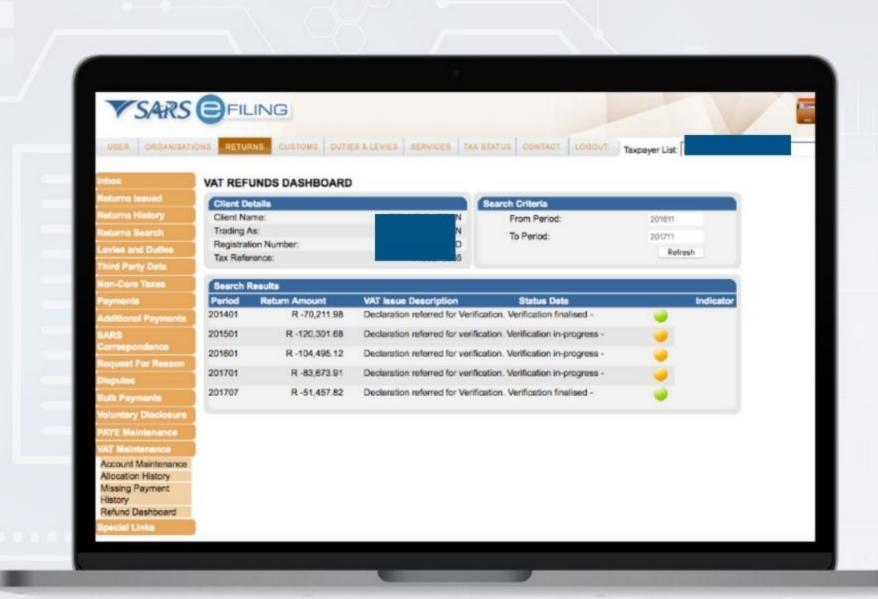
VAT Status & Refund Dashboard

Navigate to VAT Maintenance within left menu

Choose Refund Dashboard to monitor status of VAT refunds owed by SARS

Traffic signal dashboard with colours depicting VAT return status

Allows PBOs to monitor timeous receipt/identify delays in release of VAT refunds





Fundamental Accounting Principles

- Accounting records are used to prepare the annual financial statements which are essentially a summary of the financial results for the year
- What are Accounting Records?









Supporting Documentation



Annual Financial Statements

Basic Accounting Terms for NPOs

INCOME

- Revenue is Income earned from Core activities i.e.
 Donations, Grants, Sales & Service revenue
- Other income non core income such as interest, dividend income

EXPENSES

- Direct or core operational expenditure
- Administrative/operating expenses are expenses that aid the organisation as a whole
- Finance costs interest paid to bank, loans or to the SARS

SURPLUS/DEFICIT

- Amount after deducting expenses from income earned
- Flows into the balance sheet each year via equity

ASSET

- Something valuable that an entity owns, benefits from or has use of, in generating income
- Anything of value that can be converted into cash
- Can be tangible or intangible

LIABILITY

 Is a financial debt or obligation that arises during the course of operations

EQUITY

Represents the difference between total assets & total liabilities

NPO Transactions

HOW TO ACCOUNT FOR THE FOLLOWING:

- Adhoc donations
- In kind donations
- Grants over different financial periods
- Grants with specific milestones/project deliverables



Other Accounting Considerations

- Financial record maintenance/preparation
- Accrual vs cash basis
- Frequency of financial record updates
- Efficient use of cloud technology
- Data storage/document retention

A few of the accounting/reporting solutions used by TPC:













Donor Reporting



- Lack of awareness & understanding of donor reporting requirements
- Donor reporting format not consistent with available information
- Errors in reporting
- Delay in completion/submission
- Donor reporting deadlines not complied with



- Internal deadlines to ensure compliance
- Processing system to be set up to enable easy extraction of data for donor report
- Reconciliations to be prepared & reviewed
- Analysis of budget vs actual with explanations
- Availability of supporting documents

Statutory & Fund Audits



Common Questions

Requirements for a compulsory statutory audit:

- 1. NPC holds > R 5 m assets in a Fiduciary Capacity
- 2. State or Foreign controlled NPC
- 3. NPC performing a Statutory or Regulatory function
- 4. Public Interest Score (PIS) of 350 or more
- 5. PIS between 100 and 350 & AFS internally compiled

NB. Independent Review required if:

- PIS is below 100 or
- PIS is between 100 & 349, & AFS prepared externally

Other Audit TAUS • When is an audit required?

- Who can do an audit?
- What is the difference between an:
 - Audit
 - Independent Review
 - Compilation

How to calculate the

One point for:

- Every million rand in 3rd party liability
- Every million rand of funds received
- Every member of the company
- Average number of employees during the year

Statutory Audit Preparation



COMMON

- Insufficient/lack of documentation
- Lack of controls
- Lack of evidence of controls (e.g. approval of management accounts or budgets)
- Inadequate audit preparation eg. Trial Balance not finalised
- Deferred revenue adjustment not done/not done correctly
- Accruals not raised at year end
- Lack of understanding of what is expected of the finance team



TPC AUDIT

TPC STATUTORY AUDIT DELIVERABLE CHECKLIST Planning information		
1	Copy of founding documents (MOI, Notice of incorporation, LOA, Trust Deed, Constitution as applicable)	
3	NPO certificate if applicable PBO Certificate if applicable	
4	PEOF CIETTICATE IT APPRICATOR	
5	Organisational protest doctoring integrating what are organisation does	
6	Narrative highlighting each financial year and the key milestones achieved along with any significant changes since the prior year	
7	Minutes of all director meetings	
8	Minutes of all management meetings	
9	Company organogram	
10	List of service providers - name, service, terms of the service	
	Summary of systems and processes - revenue	
11	This should include a description of what staff are involved, what each person role is, what levels of review there are. The system description should cover all revenue streams.	
12	Summary of systems and processes - payments This should include a description of what staff are involved, what each persons role is, what levels of review there are. The system description should cover eft controls and should identify who adds beneficiaires, who amends beneficiaires, who loads transactions for payment, who approves and releases. If passwords are used. The level of segregation of duties. Whether documents are reviewed prior to release of payment (if so by who, what do they review and is there any evidence)	
13	Summary of system processes - procurement This should include a description of what staff are involved, what each person role is, what levels of review there are. The narrative should basically highlight the process from a request for a purchase all the way through to payment (ie. who approves request, is there a purchase requisition, do you use quotes - what is the quotes policy, who places orders with supplies, who receives the goods, who does the payment request (is a payment requisition used)	
14	Summary of systems processes - payroll Who is responsible for hiring and firing staff, who approves salaries and staff increases, how often do staff get an increase, Who approves the payroll reports each month prior to payment. What control is implemented to ensure that payroll sent by the external accountant is accurate	
15	Narrative explaining what the process is with the external accountant- ie what documents are submitted each month to the accountant, what does the accountant send back on a monthly basis, what review is performed on the work submitted, who does this review, is there any evidence of review	
16	Do you have monthly management accounts	
17	If yes to no. 16 - please can I have the entire years management accounts	
8	If yes to no. 16 - who reviews the management accounts and what review is performed	
19	Are there any reporting requirements for donors - if so please explain what the requirements are, how often, who prepares the information for submission and who reviews the information prior to submission. We would like access to these reports	
20	What is the budgeting process ie.: - who prepares the annual organisational budget - who reviews and approves the annual organisational budget - who prepares project budgets - who approves project budgets	
21	Copy of the approved budget for the year under audit and the subsequent financial year	
22	Copies of all donor agreements	

Fund Audits



WHAT IS A FUND AUDIT?

- Fund audits required by specific funders & relate to a program or project
- Fund audits differ from a statutory audit
- Report Type Factual Finding (agreed upon procedure)
- Procedures differ for each fund audit depending on the funders requirement
- Audit = Opinion
- Fund Audit = No opinion

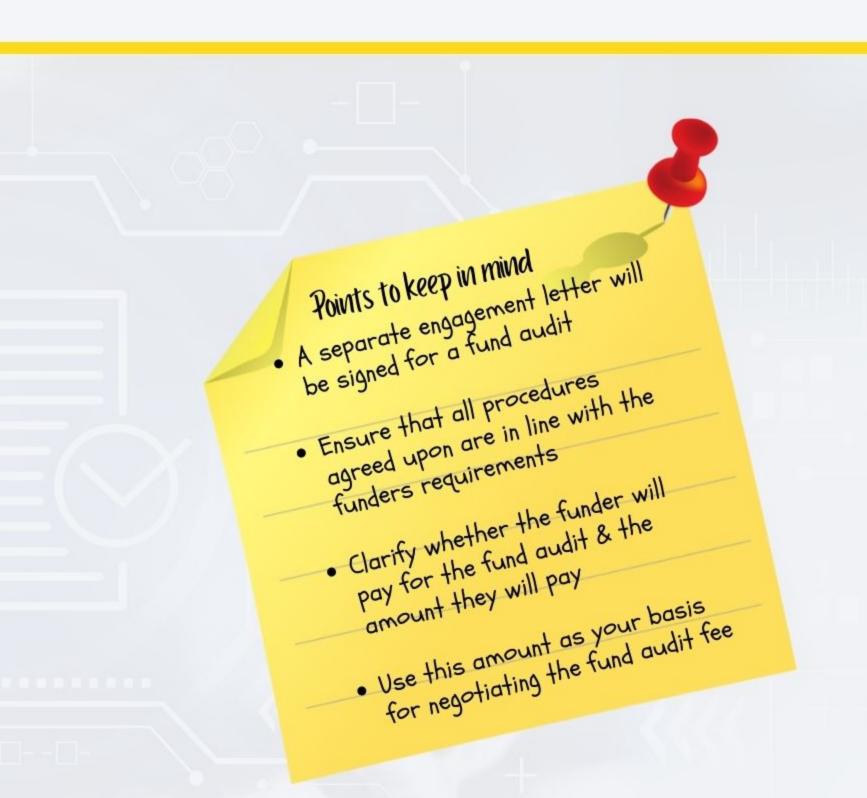


HOW TO PREPARE

- Engage with funder in advance to determine if there are any specific procedures that must be addressed
- Review the grant agreement for clauses relating to fund audits (understand these & discuss with funder in advance)
- Communicate with auditor on detailed procedures to be done
- Maintain supporting documents required for all procedures
- Ensure that the procedures agreed upon meet all the funders requirements

Fund Audit Procedures

- Inspecting the grant agreement for the approved budget
- Comparing the budget to the actual results on an overall & line by line basis
- Confirming that all overspend per line item has been approved by the funder
- Tracing amounts received to the bank statement
- Reconciling the fund statement/report to the financial records
- Selecting sample of payments from the fund statement & inspecting supporting documents. These may include:
 - Payroll costs
 - Other costs





SUNITHA SINGH

GM: FINANCE & ADMIN

"TPC has enhanced our ability to increase our activities through tax savings"



JUDI GIBSON

EX GM

"The League will remain eternally grateful to TPC for their interest shown and the assistance so willingly provided, to assist us in the most meaningful way"



KINGSLEY KIPURY

EX COO

"TPC came highly recommended and they did not disappoint"



































SOME OF THE NPOS WE SERVE

TAILORED NPO SOLUTIONS

Specialised offerings designed for your NPO



NPO Risk Assessment

Risk assessment & situational analysis



CA Connect*

A transparent fixed fee outsourced accounting, compliance, tax & payroll solution



Statutory/Fund Audits

Specialised value for money audit services including USAID Audits



VAT Reviews

Retrospective success based VAT & Tax Recovery Reviews



Chartered Accountants assumes no responsibility for the use & application of the information contained herewith.

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